The discovery Continued

- Henry Hill Hickman In 1823 and 1824 studied inhaled high concentrations of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide has some anesthetic properties, as shown by the absence of response to an incision in the animals of Hickman's study.
- William E Clarke may have given the first true ether anesthetic in Rochester, New York, in January 1842.
- Horace Wells of Hartford, Connecticut, recognized what others had ignored, the analgesic potential of nitrous oxide. January 1845, Wells attempted a public demonstration in Boston at the Harvard Medical School but trial was judged a failure.



Henry Hill Hickman



Horace Wells